# **SERVICE & OPERATING MANUAL**

**ORIGINAL INSTRUCTIONS** 

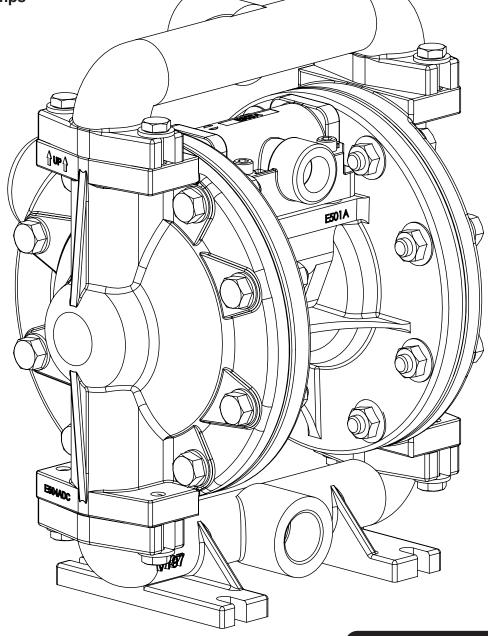


# 3/4" Elima-Matic Bolted Metal

with Metal and Plastic Center Sections

## **E7 Metal Pumps** Aluminum

**EH**[ **←** 





## **Safety Information**

## **A** IMPORTANT



Read the safety warnings and instructions in this manual before pump installation and start-up. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual could damage the pump and void factory warranty.



When the pump is used for materials that tend to settle out or solidify, the pump should be flushed after each use to prevent damage. In freezing temperatures the pump should be completely drained between uses.

## **A** CAUTION



Before pump operation, inspect all fasteners for loosening caused by gasket creep. Retighten loose fasteners to prevent leakage. Follow recommended torques stated in this manual.



Plastic pumps and plastic components are not UV stabilized. Ultraviolet radiation can damage these parts and negatively affect material properties. Do not expose to UV light for extended periods of time.



#### **WARNING**

Pump not designed, tested or certified to be powered by compressed natural gas. Powering the pump with natural gas will void the warranty.



#### WARNING

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

## WARNING



When used for toxic or aggressive fluids, the pump should always be flushed clean prior to disassembly.



Before maintenance or repair, shut off the compressed air line, bleed the pressure, and disconnect the air line from the pump. Be certain that approved eye protection and protective clothing are worn at all times. Failure to follow these recommendations may result in serious injury or death.



Airborne particles and loud noise hazards. Wear eye and ear protection.



In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If pumping a product that is hazardous or toxic, the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe containment.



Take action to prevent static sparking. Fire or explosion can result, especially when handling flammable liquids. The pump, piping, valves, containers and other miscellaneous equipment must be properly grounded.



This pump is pressurized internally with air pressure during operation. Make certain that all fasteners and piping connections are in good condition and are reinstalled properly during reassembly.



Use safe practices when lifting

# **ATEX Pumps - Conditions For Safe Use**

- 1. Ambient temperature range is as specified in tables 1 & 2 on the next page
- 2. ATEX compliant pumps are suitable for use in explosive atmospheres when the equipment is properly grounded in accordance with local electrical codes
- 3. Conductive Polypropylene, conductive Acetal or conductive PVDF pumps are not to be installed in applications where the pumps may be subjected to oil, greases and hydraulic liquids.
- 4. When operating pumps equipped with non-conductive diaphragms that exceed the maximum permissible projected area, as defined in EN ISO 80079-36: 2016 section 6.7.5 table 8, the following protection methods must be applied
  - Equipment is always used to transfer electrically conductive fluids or
  - Explosive environment is prevented from entering the internal portions of the pump, i.e. dry running.



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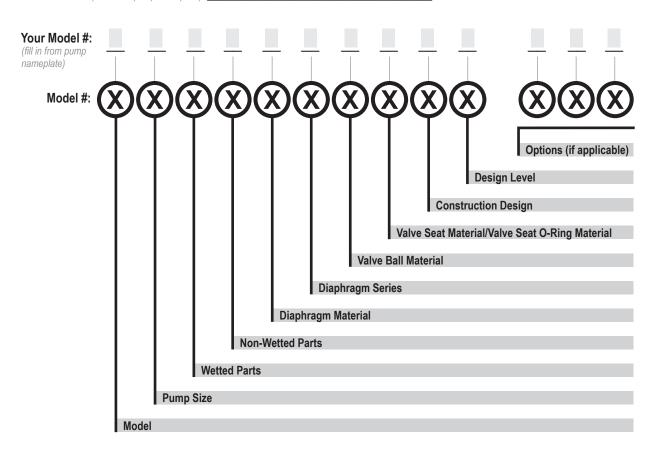
- Warranty
- EU Declaration of Conformity Machinery Directive



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# **Explanation of Pump Nomenclature**

Your Serial #: (fill in from pump nameplate)



Model E Elima-Matic

**Pump Size 5** 1/2"

**Wetted Parts A** Aluminum

S Stainless Steel

**H** Alloy C

**Non-Wetted Parts A** Aluminum

P Polypropylene

Diaphragm Material / Series

1R Neoprene Rugged 2R Nitrile Rugged

3R (FKM) Fluorcarbon Rugged

4R EPDM Rugged

5T PTFE Tef-Matic (2 piece)

6X Santoprene (XL) Thermo-Matic

7X Hytrel Thermo-Matic

Valve Ball Material Valve

1 Neoprene 2 Nitrile

3 (FKM) Fluorocarbon

4 EPDM

5 PTFE

6 Santoprene XL

7 Hytrel

S Stainless Steel

Y FDA Santoprene

Seat/Valve Seat O-Ring Material

5 PTFE

**Construction Design** 

9 Bolted

**Design Level** 

Α С

\*More than one option may be specified for a particular pump model.

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## **Materials**

Material Profile:		Operating Temperatures:	
CAUTION! Operating temperature limitations are as follows:	Max.	Min.	
Conductive Acetal: Tough, impact resistant, ductile. Good abrasion resistance and low friction surface. Generally inert, with good chemical resistance except for strong acids and oxidizing agents.	190°F 88°C	-20°F -29°C	
<b>EPDM:</b> Shows very good water and chemical resistance. Has poor resistance to oils and solvents, but is fair in ketones and alcohols.	280°F 138°C	-40°F -40°C	
<b>FKM:</b> (Fluorocarbon) Shows good resistance to a wide range of oils and sovents; especially all aliphatic, aromatic and halogenated hydrocarbons, acids, animal and vegetable oils. Hot water or hot aqueous solutions (over 70°F) will attack FKM.	350°F 177°C	-40°F -40°C	
Hytrel®: Good on acids, bases, amines and glycols at room temperatures only.	220°F 104°C	-20°F -29°C	
<b>Neoprene:</b> All purpose. Resistance to vegetable oils. Generally not affected by moderate chemicals, fats, greases and many oils and solvents. Generally attacked by strong oxidizing acids, ketones, esters and nitro hydrocarbons and chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons.		-10°F -23°C	
<b>Nitrile:</b> General purpose, oil-resistant. Shows good solvent, oil, water and hydraulic fluid resistance. Should not be used with highly polar solvents like acetone and MEK, ozone, chlorinated hydrocarbons and nitro hydrocarbons.	190°F 88°C	-10°F -23°C	
<b>Nylon:</b> 6/6 High strength and toughness over a wide temperature range. Moderate to good resistance to fuels, oils and chemicals.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C	

<b>Polypropylene:</b> A thermoplastic polymer. Moderate tensile and flex strength. Resists stong acids and alkali. Attacked by chlorine, fuming nitric acid and other strong oxidizing agents.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C
<b>PVDF:</b> (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) A durable fluoroplastic with excellent chemical resistance. Excellent for UV applications. High tensile strength and impact resistance.	250°F 121°C	0°F -18°C
Santoprene®: Injection molded thermoplastic elastomer with no fabric layer. Long mechanical flex life. Excellent abrasion resistance.	275°F 135°C	-40°F -40°C
<b>UHMW PE:</b> A thermoplastic that is highly resistant to a broad range of chemicals. Exhibits outstanding abrasion and impact resistance, along with environmental stress-cracking resistance.	180°F 82°C	-35°F -37°C
Urethane: Shows good resistance to abrasives. Has poor resistance to most solvents and oils.	150°F 66°C	32°F 0°C
Virgin PTFE: (PFA/TFE) Chemically inert, virtually impervious. Very few chemicals are known to chemically react with PTFE; molten alkali metals, turbulent liquid or gaseous fluorine and a few fluoro-chemicals such as chlorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride which readily liberate free fluorine at elevated temperatures.	220°F 104°C	-35°F -37°C

Maximum and Minimum Temperatures are the limits for which these materials can be operated. Temperatures coupled with pressure affect the longevity of diaphragm pump components. Maximum life should not be expected at the extreme limits of the temperature ranges.

## **Metals:**

Alloy C: Equal to ASTM494 CW-12M-1 specification for nickel and nickel alloy.

**Stainless Steel:** Equal to or exceeding ASTM specification A743 CF-8M for corrosion resistant iron chromium, iron chromium nickel and nickel based alloy castings for general applications. Commonly referred to as 316 Stainless Steel in the pump industry.

For specific applications, always consult the Chemical Resistance Chart.

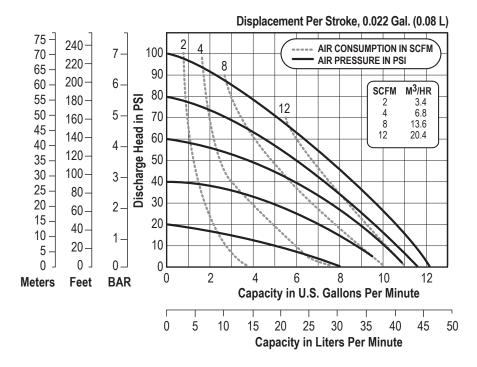
**Note:** This document is a high level guide. Please be aware that not all model and or material combinations are possible for all sizes. Please consult factory or your distributor for specific details.

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## **Performance**

# E7 3/4" Bolted Metal Rubber and TPE Fitted

Flow Rate Adjustable to0-12 gpm (45.4 lpm) Port Size
Suction
Discharge
<b>Air Inlet</b>
Air Exhaust3/8" NPT
Suction Lift
Dry
Wet
Max Solid Size (Diameter)
1/16" (1.6 mm)
Max Noise Level 84 dB(A)
Shipping Weights
Aluminum

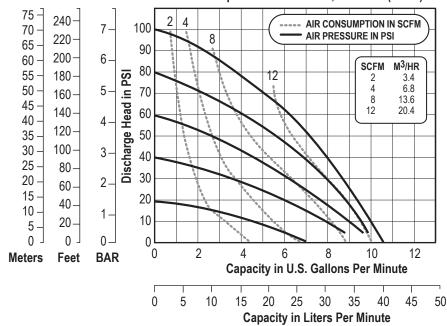


NOTE: Performance based on the following: PTFE fitted pump, flooded suction, water at ambient conditions. The use of other materials and varying hydraulic conditions may result in deviations in excess of 5%.

# E7 3/4" Bolted Metal PTFE Fitted

Flow Rate Adjustable to0-11 gpm (41.6 lpm) Port Size
Suction
Discharge3/4" NPT
<b>Air Inlet</b>
Air Exhaust
Suction Lift
Dry
Wet
Max Solid Size (Diameter)
1/16" (1.6 mm)
Max Noise Level 87 dB(A)
Shipping Weights
Aluminum

## Displacement Per Stroke, 0.019 Gal. (0.07 L)



NOTE: Performance based on the following: PTFE fitted pump, flooded suction, water at ambient conditions. The use of other materials and varying hydraulic conditions may result in deviations in excess of 5%.

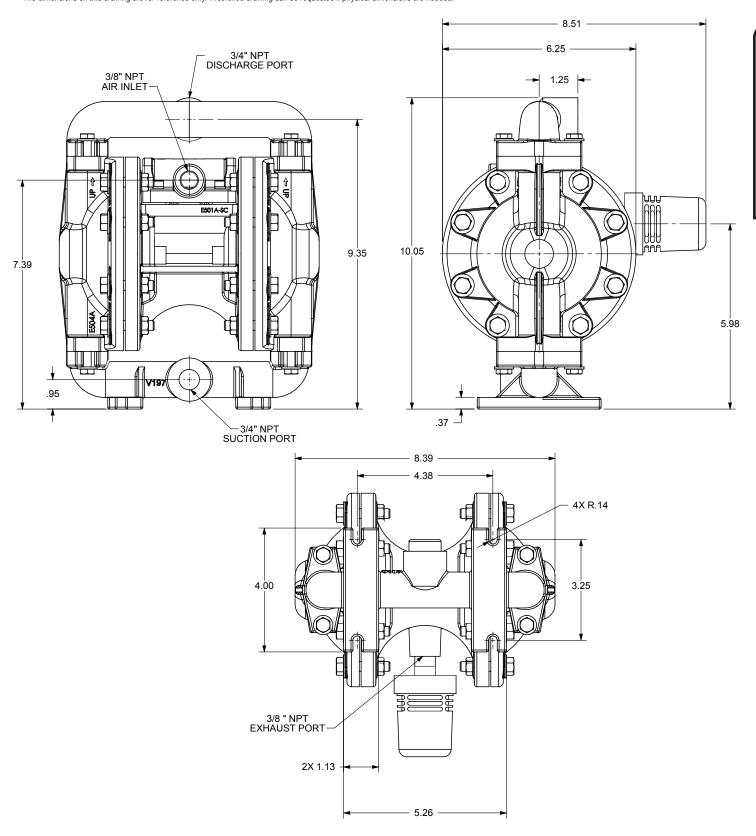


# **Dimensional Drawings**

## **E7 Bolted Metal**

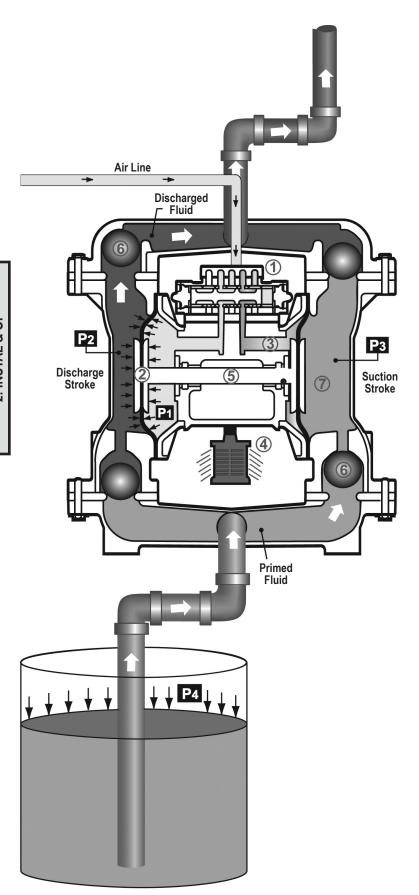
Dimensions in inches (mm dimensions in brackets).

The dimensions on this drawing are for reference only. A certified drawing can be requested if physical dimensions are needed.



**BOTTOM VIEW** 

## **Principle of Pump Operation**



Air-Operated Double Diaphragm (AODD) pumps are powered by compressed air or nitrogen.

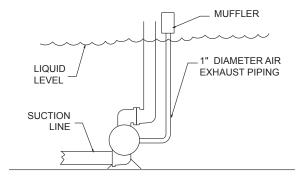
The main directional (air) control valve ① distributes compressed air to an air chamber, exerting uniform pressure over the inner surface of the diaphragm ②. At the same time, the exhausting air ③ from behind the opposite diaphragm is directed through the air valve assembly(s) to an exhaust port ④.

As inner chamber pressure (P1) exceeds liquid chamber pressure (P2), the rod ⑤ connected diaphragms shift together creating discharge on one side and suction on the opposite side. The discharged and primed liquid's directions are controlled by the check valves (ball or flap)⑥ orientation.

The pump primes as a result of the suction stroke. The suction stroke lowers the chamber pressure **(P3)** increasing the chamber volume. This results in a pressure differential necessary for atmospheric pressure **(P4)** to push the fluid through the suction piping and across the suction side check valve and into the outer fluid chamber T.

Suction (side) stroking also initiates the reciprocating (shifting, stroking or cycling) action of the pump. The suction diaphragm's movement is mechanically pulled through its stroke. The diaphragm's inner plate makes contact with an actuator plunger aligned to shift the pilot signaling valve. Once actuated, the pilot valve sends a pressure signal to the opposite end of the main directional air valve, redirecting the compressed air to the opposite inner chamber.

#### SUBMERGED ILLUSTRATION



Pump can be submerged if the pump materials of construction are compatible with the liquid being pumped. The air exhaust must be piped above the liquid level. When the pumped product source is at a higher level than the pump (flooded suction condition), pipe the exhaust higher than the product source to prevent siphoning spills.



## **Recommended Installation Guide**

#### **Available Accessories:** 1. Surge Suppressor Unregulated Air Supply to Surge 2. Filter/Regulator Suppressor (1) Surge Suppressor 4. Lubricator Pressure Gauge **Note**: Surge Suppressor and Piping, including air line, Shut-Off Valve must be supported after Pipe Connection (Style Optional) the flexible connections. Discharge Flexible Connector Check Valve Shut Off Drain Po Muffler Valve (Optional Piped Exhaust) Air Inlet Flexible Connector 3 Compound (2) Filter Regulator Gauge Flexible Connection (3) Dryer Suction (4) Lubricator **CAUTION** Shut-Off Valve The air exhaust should Pipe Connection be piped to an area **Drain Port** (Style Optional) for safe disposition of the product being pumped, in the event of a diaphragm failure.

## Installation And Start-Up

3. Air Dryer

Locate the pump as close to the product being pumped as possible. Keep the suction line length and number of fittings to a minimum. Do not reduce the suction line diameter.

#### Air Supply

Connect the pump air inlet to an air supply with sufficient capacity and pressure to achieve desired performance. A pressure regulating valve should be installed to insure air supply pressure does not exceed recommended limits.

## Air Valve Lubrication

The air distribution system is designed to operate WITHOUT lubrication. This is the standard mode of operation. If lubrication is designed, install an air line lubricator set to deliver one drop of SAE 10 non-detergent oil for every 20 SCFM (9.4 liters/sec.) of air the pump consumes. Consult the Performance Curve to determine air consumption.

#### Air Line Moisture

Water in the compressed air supply may cause icing or freezing of the exhaust air, causing the pump to cycle erratically or stop operating. Water in the air supply can be reduced by using a point-of-use air dryer.

## Air Inlet And Priming

To start the pump, slightly open the air shut-off valve. After the pump primes, the air valve can be opened to increase air flow as desired. If opening the valve increases cycling rate, but does not increase the rate of flow, cavitation has occurred. The valve should be closed slightly to obtain the most efficient air flow to pump flow ratio.



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# **Troubleshooting Guide**

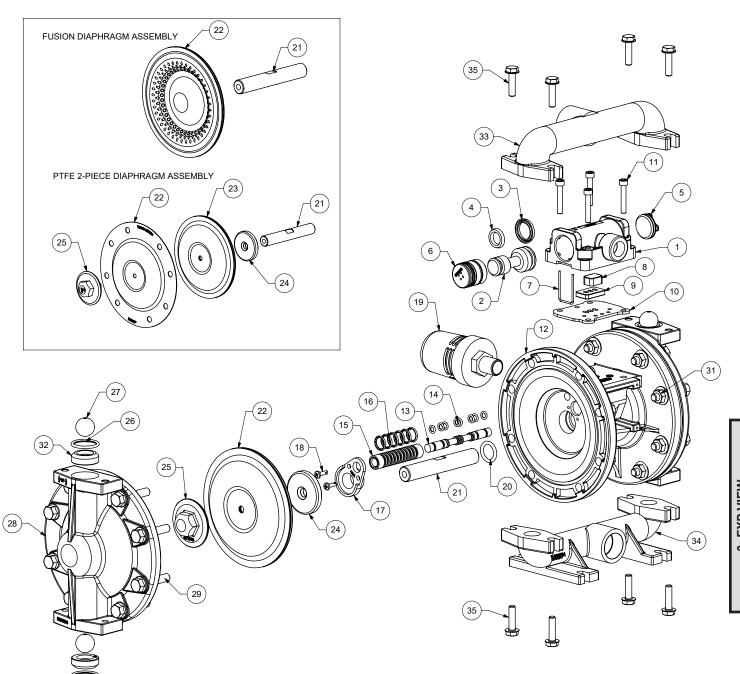
Symptom:	Potential Cause(s):	Recommendation(s):	
Pump Cycles Once	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).	
	Air valve or intermediate gaskets installed incorrectly.	Install gaskets with holes properly aligned.	
	Bent or missing actuator plunger.	Remove pilot valve and inspect actuator plungers.	
Pump Will Not Operate	Pump is over lubricated.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.	
/ Cycle	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size and length, compressor capacity (HP vs. cfm required).	
/ Cycle	Check air distribution system.	Disassemble and inspect main air distribution valve, pilot valve and pilot valve actuators.	
	Discharge line is blocked or clogged manifolds.	Check for inadvertently closed discharge line valves. Clean discharge manifolds/piping.	
	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).	
	Blocked air exhaust muffler.	Remove muffler screen, clean or de-ice, and re-install.	
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assen	
	Pump chamber is blocked.	Disassemble and inspect wetted chambers. Remove or flush any obstructions.	
Pump Cycles and Will	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction condition (move pump closer to product).	
Not Prime or No Flow	Check valve obstructed. Valve ball(s) not seating properly or sticking.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket. Clean out around valve ball cage and valve seat area. Replace valve ball or valve seat if damaged. Use heavier valve ball material.	
	Valve ball(s) missing (pushed into chamber or manifold).	Worn valve ball or valve seat. Worn fingers in valve ball cage (replace part). Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.	
	Valve ball(s)/seat(s) damaged or attacked by product.	Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.	
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.	
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.	
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.	
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.	
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.	
Pump Cycles Running	Over lubrication.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.	
Sluggish/Stalling,	Icing.	Remove muffler screen, de-ice, and re-install. Install a point of use air drier.	
Flow Unsatisfactory	Clogged manifolds.	Clean manifolds to allow proper air flow	
riow offsatisfactory	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).	
	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction (move pump closer to product).	
	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size, length, compressor capacity.	
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.	
	Air supply pressure or volume exceeds system hd.	Decrease inlet air (press. and vol.) to the pump. Pump is cavitating the fluid by fast cycling.	
	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.	
	Restrictive or undersized air line.	Install a larger air line and connection.	
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.	
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.	
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.	
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.	
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.	
	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs. Purging the chambers of air can be dangerous.	
Product Leaking	Diaphragm failure, or diaphragm plates loose.	Replace diaphragms, check for damage and ensure diaphragm plates are tight.	
Through Exhaust	Diaphragm stretched around center hole or bolt holes.	Check for excessive inlet pressure or air pressure. Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.	
Premature Diaphragm	Cavitation.	Enlarge pipe diameter on suction side of pump.	
Failure	Excessive flooded suction pressure.	Move pump closer to product. Raise pump/place pump on top of tank to reduce inlet pressure. Install Back pressure device (Tech bulletin 41r). Add accumulation tank or pulsation dampener.	
	Misapplication (chemical/physical incompatibility).	Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.	
	Incorrect diaphragm plates or plates on backwards, installed incorrectly or worn.	Check Operating Manual to check for correct part and installation. Ensure outer plates have not been worn to a sharp edge.	
Unbalanced Cycling	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.	
, ,	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.	
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.	
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.	
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.	
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.	
	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs.	

For additional troubleshooting tips contact After Sales Support at service.warrenrupp@idexcorp.com or 419-524-8388



# 3: EXP VIEW

# **Composite Repair Parts Drawing**



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# **Composite Repair Parts List**

		site Repair Parts Els					
Itam #	Ofu	Air Valv  Description	e Assembly	Part Number			
Item #	Qty.	Air Side Repair Kit (Includes Items					
		3,4,6, 8-10,13-17,20)	476.V007.000				
-	1	Valve Body (includes items 1-11)		031.V004.552			
1	1	Valve Body		E500A			
2	1	Valve Spool Assembly (Includes items 3&4)	İ	E500BUB ASY			
3	1	Large Valve Spool U-Cup	İ	P98-104A			
4	1	Small Valve Spool U-Cup	i i	P98-104AUB			
5	1	End Cap Assembly (Includes O-Ring)		E500D			
6	1	Reducing End Cap Assembly		E500DUB ASY			
	· .	(Includes 560.0580.360 O-rings)					
7	2	Staple		E500F			
8	1	CT Air Diverter		10-075			
9	1	Air Diverter Plate		E500H			
10	1 4	Air Valve Gasket		360.V003.360			
11	4	Valve Mounting Screws	tion Accomply	S1004			
		Center Sec	tion Assembly	Dout Number			
Item #	Qty.	Description	Polypropylen	Part Number	Aluminum		
12	1	Center Section	E501A		E501A-SC		
14	<del>  '</del>	Pilot Repair Kit (Includes Items 13-17)	LOUIA	476.V006.000	LUUIA-UU		
13	1	Pilot Spool ASY (Includes Item #14)	1	775.V003.000			
14	8	Pilot Spool AST (includes item #14)	1	560.023.358			
15	1	Pilot Valve Sleeve ASY (Includes Item #16)		755.V003.000			
16	6	Pilot Valve Sleeve O-Rings		560.033.358			
17	2	Shaft/Pilot Retainer	i	670.V001.554			
18	4	Retainer Screw	İ	E501C			
19	1	Muffler	İ	530.024.000			
		Diaphragm Ass	embly / Elastomers				
Item #	Qty.	Description		Part Number			
	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TPE/RUBBER	PTFE 2-Piece	PTFE Fusion		
20	2	Main Shaft O-Ring		E502B			
21	1	Main Shaft		E502A			
22	2	Diaphragm	"E505xx (See Below Material Chart)"	E505TF	E505F		
23	2	Back-Up Diaphragm	N/A	E505N	N/A		
24	2	Inner Diaphragm Plate		99C	N/A		
25	2	Outer Diaphragm Plate		99B	N/A		
26	4	Valve Seat O-Ring	"V110xx (See Below Material Chart)"	V110HT			
27	4	Valve Ball	(See Below Material Chart)"	"V111xx (See Below Material V111SS, V111TF			
		Wet En	d Assembly				
Item #	Qty.	Description		Part Number			
		·		Aluminum			
28	2	Water Chamber	-	E504A			
29	16	Water Chamber Bolt	1	171.064.115			
31	16	Water Chamber Nut	1	SV185B			
32	4	Valve Seat	+	V110A			
33	1 1	Discharge Manifold Suction Manifold	+	V196A V197A			
35	8	Manifold Bolts	171.065.115				
33	<u> </u>	Flastomer Mate	erial Specifications	17 1.000.110			
		Material Material	Diaphragm P/N	Valve Ball P/N	O-Ring P/N		
		Neoprene	E505N	N/A	N/A		
		Buna Nitrile					
		Viton	E505VT V111VT V110VT				
	Nordel E505ND N/A V110		V110ND				
Santoprene		E505XL	V111TPEXL	V110XL			
		Stainless Steel	N/A	V111SS	N/A		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						



# Material Codes - The Last 3 Digits of Part Number

- 000.....Assembly, sub-assembly; and some purchased items
- 010.....Cast Iron
- 015.....Ductile Iron
- 020.....Ferritic Malleable Iron
- 080.....Carbon Steel, AISI B-1112
- 110.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel
- 111 .....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel (Electro Polished)
- 112.....Alloy C
- 113.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel (Hand Polished)
- 114.....303 Stainless Steel
- 115.....302/304 Stainless Steel
- 117.....440-C Stainless Steel (Martensitic)
- 120.....416 Stainless Steel (Wrought Martensitic)
- 148..... Hardcoat Anodized Aluminum
- 150.....6061-T6 Aluminum
- 152.....2024-T4 Aluminum (2023-T351)
- 155.....356-T6 Aluminum
- 156.....356-T6 Aluminum
- 157.....Die Cast Aluminum Alloy #380
- 158.....Aluminum Alloy SR-319
- 162.....Brass, Yellow, Screw Machine Stock
- 165.....Cast Bronze, 85-5-5-5
- 166.....Bronze, SAE 660
- 170.....Bronze, Bearing Type, Oil Impregnated
- 180.....Copper Alloy
- 305.....Carbon Steel, Black Epoxy Coated
- 306.....Carbon Steel, Black PTFE Coated
- 307.....Aluminum, Black Epoxy Coated
- 308.....Stainless Steel, Black PTFE Coated
- 309.....Aluminum, Black PTFE Coated
- 313.....Aluminum, White Epoxy Coated
- 330.....Zinc Plated Steel
- 332.....Aluminum, Electroless Nickel Plated
- 333.....Carbon Steel, Electroless Nickel Plated
- 335.....Galvanized Steel
- 337.....Silver Plated Steel
- 351.....Food Grade Santoprene®
- 353.....Geolast; Color: Black
- 354..... Injection Molded #203-40
- Santoprene® Duro 40D +/-5;
- Color: RED
- 356.....Hytrel®
- 357.....Injection Molded Polyurethane
- 358.....Urethane Rubber (Some Applications) (Compression Mold)
- 359.....Urethane Rubber
- 360.....Nitrile Rubber Color coded: RED
- 363.....FKM (Fluorocarbon)
  Color coded: YELLOW

- 364.....EPDM Rubber
  - Color coded: BLUE
- 365.....Neoprene Rubber Color coded: GREEN
- 366.....Food Grade Nitrile
- 368.....Food Grade EPDM
- 371.....Philthane (Tuftane)
- 374.....Carboxylated Nitrile
- 375.....Fluorinated Nitrile
- 378.....High Density Polypropylene
- 379.....Conductive Nitrile
- 408.....Cork and Neoprene
- 425.....Compressed Fibre
- 426.....Blue Gard
- 440.....Vegetable Fibre
- 500.....Delrin® 500
- 502.....Conductive Acetal, ESD-800
- 503.....Conductive Acetal, Glass-Filled
- 506.....Delrin® 150
- 520.....Injection Molded PVDF Natural color
- 540....Nylon
- 542....Nylon
- 544.....Nylon Injection Molded
- 550.....Polyethylene
- 551.....Glass Filled Polypropylene
- 552.....Unfilled Polypropylene
- 555.....Polyvinyl Chloride
- 556.....Black Vinyl
- 558.....Conductive HDPE
- 570.....Rulon II®
- 580.....Ryton®
- 600.....PTFE (virgin material)
  Tetrafluorocarbon (TFE)
- 603.....Blue Gylon®
- 604.....PTFE
- 606.....PTFE
- 607.....Envelon
- 608.....Conductive PTFE
- 610.....PTFE Encapsulated Silicon
- 611.....PTFE Encapsulated FKM
- 632.....Neoprene/Hytrel®
- 633.....FKM/PTFE
- 634.....EPDM/PTFE
- 635.....Neoprene/PTFE
- 637.....PTFE, FKM/PTFE
- 638.....PTFE, Hytrel®/PTFE
- 639.....Nitrile/TFE
- 643.....Santoprene®/EPDM
- 644.....Santoprene®/PTFE
- 656.....Santoprene® Diaphragm and Check Balls/EPDM Seats
- 661.....EPDM/Santoprene®
- 666.....FDA Nitrile Diaphragm,
- PTFE Overlay, Balls, and Seals 668.....PTFE, FDA Santoprene®/PTFE

- Delrin and Hytrel are registered tradenames of E.I. DuPont.
- Nylatron is a registered tradename of Polymer Corp.
- Gylon is a registered tradename of Garlock. Inc.
- Santoprene is a registered tradename of Exxon Mobil Corp.
- Rulon II is a registered tradename of Dixion Industries Corp.
- Ryton is a registered tradename of Phillips Chemical Co.
- Valox is a registered tradename of General Electric Co.

## **RECYCLING**

Warren Rupp, manufacturer of Versamatic, is an ISO14001 registered company and is committed to minimizing the impact our products have on the environment. Many components of Versamatic® AODD pumps are made of recyclable materials. We encourage pump users to recycle worn out parts and pumps whenever possible, after any hazardous pumped fluids are thoroughly flushed. Pump users that recycle will gain the satisfaction to know that their discarded part(s) or pump will not end up in a landfill. The recyclability of Versamatic products is a vital part of Warren Rupp's commitment to environmental stewardship.



e7mdlCsm-rev0419

WWW.VERSAMATIC.COM Model E7 Bolted Metal • 12

# 5 - YEAR Limited Product Warranty

## Quality System ISO9001 Certified • Environmental Management Systems ISO14001 Certified

Versamatic warrants to the original end-use purchaser that no product sold by Versamatic that bears a Versamatic brand shall fail under normal use and service due to a defect in material or workmanship within five years from the date of shipment from Versamatic's factory.

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

~ See complete warranty at http://vm.salesmrc.com/pdfs/VM Product Warranty.pdf

## DECLARATION OF CONFORMIT

DECLARATION DE CONFORMITE • DECLARACION DE CONFORMIDAD • ERKLÄRUNG BEZÜGLICH EINHALTUNG DER VORSCHRIFTEN DICHIARAZIONE DI CONFORMITÀ • CONFORMITEITSVERKLARING • DEKLARATION OM ÖVERENSSTÄMMELSE EF-OVERENSSTEMMELSESERKLÆRING • VAATIMUSTENMUKAISUUSVAKUUTUS • SAMSVARSERKLÄRING DECLARAÇÃO DE CONFORMIDADE

#### **MANUFACTURED BY:**

FABRIQUE PAR: FABRICADA POR: HERGESTELLT VON: FABBRICATO DA: VERVAARDIGD DOOR: TILLVERKAD AV: FABRIKANT: VALMISTAJA: PRODUSENT:

FABRICANTE:

#### VERSAMATIC ®

Warren Rupp, Inc. A Unit of IDEX Corporation 800 North Main Street P.O. Box 1568 Mansfield, OH 44901-1568 USA

Tel: 419-526-7296 Fax: 419-526-7289



2006/42/EC

EN809:2012

to Annex VIII

on Machinery, according

## PUMP MODEL SERIES: E SERIES, V SERIES, VT SERIES, VSMA3, SPA15, **RE SERIES AND U2 SERIES**

#### This product complies with the following European Community Directives:

Ce produit est conforme aux directives de la Communauté européenne suivantes:

Este producto cumple con las siguientes Directrices de la Comunidad Europea:

Dieses produkt erfüllt die folgenden Vorschriften der Europäischen Gemeinschaft:

Questo prodotto è conforme alle seguenti direttive CEE:

Dir produkt voldoet aan de volgende EG-richtlijnen:

Denna produkt överensstämmer med följande EU direktiv:

Versamatic, Inc., erklærer herved som fabrikant, at ovennævnte produkt er i overensstemmelse med bestemmelserne i Direkktive:

Tämä tuote täyttää seuraavien EC Direktiivien vaatimukstet:

Dette produkt oppfyller kravene til følgende EC Direktiver:

Este produto está de acordo com as seguintes Directivas comunitárias:

### This product has used the following harmonized standards to verify conformance:

Ce materiel est fabriqué selon les normes harmonisées suivantes, afin d' en garantir la conformité:

Este producto cumple con las siguientes directrices de la comunidad europa:

Dieses produkt ist nach folgenden harmonisierten standards gefertigtworden, die übereinstimmung wird bestätigt:

Questo prodotto ha utilizzato i seguenti standards per verificare la conformita':

De volgende geharmoniseerde normen werden gehanteerd om de conformiteit van dit produkt te garanderen:

För denna produkt har följande harmoniserande standarder använts för att bekräfta överensstämmelse:

Harmoniserede standarder, der er benyttet:

Tässä tuotteessa on sovellettu seuraavia yhdenmukaistettuja standardeja:

Dette produkt er produsert i overenstemmelse med fløgende harmoniserte standarder:

Este produto utilizou os seguintes padrões harmonizados para varificar conformidade:

## **AUTHORIZED/APPROVED BY:**

Approuve par: Aprobado por: Genehmigt von: approvato da: Goedgekeurd door: Underskrift: Valtuutettuna: Bemyndiget av: Autorizado Por:

Dave Roseberry Director of Engineering

Authorized Representative: **IDEX Pump Technologies** R79 Shannon Industrial Estate, Shannon, Co. Clare Ireland Attn: Barry McMahon

06/14/2017 REV 08

DATE: February 27, 2017

FECHA: DATUM: DATA: DATO: PÄIVÄYS:

VMQR 044FM